Analyzing My Energy Consumption

E2.9 – Determine energy consumption and cost to operate

E1.3 – produced a plan of action to reduce electrical consumption / cost of energy consumption



•••••••••••••	,			
Date	Appliance	Power rating (kW)	Time use (hours)	kWh of energy
Mon. Dec. 1 st	Hairdryer			
		Total kWh	\rightarrow of energy for week \rightarrow	•

• To convert watts to kilowatts you divide by 1000. (1000 watts = 1 kW)

- #2. Attach these completed charts at the end of this assignment.
- #3. Calculate the kWh used in the last column by multiplying the power rating (kW) by time used (hours) kWh = (kW) x (hours). Record this in the last column of all charts.
- #4. Calculate total kWh of electricity for week for each appliance. Identify each appliance and total kWh.

Appliance #1 (what was	it) =	_ →	_ kWh in the week.
Appliance #2 (what was	it) =	_→	_kWh in the week.
Appliance #3 (what was	it) =	_→	_kWh in the week.
Appliance #4 (what was	it) =	_→	_ kWh in the week.
Appliance #5 (what was	it) =	_→	_ kWh in the week.

#5 Calculate how many kWh of electricity you used in total all week (add the 5 appliances together) *Show your calculation*

My total kWh consumption for the week was _____kWh for the whole week.

Criteria - # 1 - 5	Total /5
Inguiry A1,.6 Student can gather daily data and begin to organize usage patterns.	



#6. Using the cost of electricity as	\$0.099/kWh (or 9.9¢/kWh), calculate how much it cost to run:
Appliance #1	(what was it) for the week: Show calculation.
	Cost to run for week =
Appliance #2	(what was it) for the week: Show calculation.
	Cost to run for week =
Appliance #3	(what was it) for the week: Show calculation.
	Cost to run for week =
Appliance #4	(what was it) for the week: Show calculation.
	Cost to run for week =
Appliance #5	(what was it) for the week: Show calculation.
	Cost to run for week =
All appliances for the week	: *Show calculation*.
Cost to run all 5 appliand	ces all week =

#7. I gave you the <u>'mid peak'</u> rate. Calculate the cost to run

All appliances for the week @ peak rate of \$0.118/kWh (11.8¢/kWh). *Show calculation*.

Peak rate - Cost to run all 5 appliances all week = _____

All appliances for the week @ off-peak rate of \$0.063/kWh (6.3¢/kWh). *Show calculation*.

Peak rate - Cost to run all 5 appliances all week = _____

Criteria #6,7	Total /5
Inquiry E2.9 Student can calculate operating cost.	

- #8. a) In 2006, Canadians used, approximately 5.37 x 10¹¹ kWh of electricity. Assuming the population of Canada was approximately 33,000,000 calculate the average use of energy (in kWh) per person in Canada that year. Show your work.
 - b) You calculated your energy consumption for a week. Using this weekly data, calculate what you would use for a whole year (1 year has 52 weeks). Show your work.

c) How does your consumption of energy compare to the average Canadian in 2006? (more/less/equal?)

d) Is this a fair comparison? Explain your answer.

Criteria #8	Total /5
Application A1.10 draw conclusions based on inquiry results & research findings, and justify their conclusions	

#9.	Off-peak hours (winter)	=	7 p.m. → 7 a.m.	Cheapest time to use electricity
	Mid-peak hours (winter)	=	11 a.m. → 5 p.m.	medium expensive
	Peak hours (winter)	=	5 p.m \rightarrow 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. \rightarrow 11 a.m.	Very expensive to use.

Your challenge is to reduce the cost of the energy you use. You chose 5 appliances. With 3 of them, suggest a reasonable way you could 'cost less'. You could consider how much time you use the appliance or the time of day at which you use this appliance.

Criteria #9	Total /5
Application E1.3 Student can produce an action plan to reduce cost of electricity usage. 3 appliances/devices targeted. Plans are logical & realistic	