## **Space Exploration**

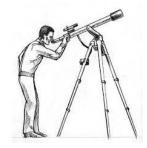
- 1. Exploring Space from Earth
  - Telescopes help us see into space
    - A. 'see' with visible light. Galileo 1609
    - B. 'see' with radio waves
- 2. Exploring Space from Space
  - → <u>Telescopes</u> in Orbit
  - above our atmosphere the pictures are clearer (no clouds, gases)
    - can take light pictures
    - can take UV , X-ray & gamma ray pictures

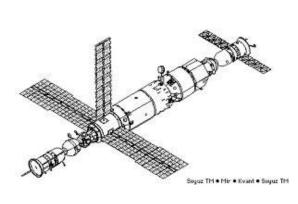
Hubble Space Telescope = HST

- named after Edwin Hubble
- responsible for some of best space pictures launched → April 1990
- orbit altitude → 559 km
- → <u>Humans in Space</u> Apollo missions to moon
  - Space shuttle reused.
  - ISS = International Space Station
    - in continual orbit @ 350 km
    - travels at 27,700 km/h
    - orbits earth 15.7 times each day!
    - people there since 2000
    - 16+ countries

## Why?

- how humans/machines can work in space
- exploration
- expand human presence
- experiments -inside and outside ISS
- What are effects of space travel on humans?
- how to make effective equipment
- effects of microgravity





## ISS - Canada helps out!

Canadarm = 15 metre long arm (1981) = 6 joints

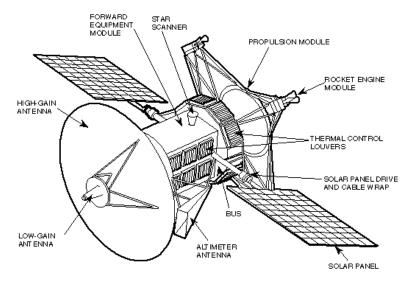
> used to lift parts, assist astronauts outside ISS, and capture satellites



Canadarm  $2 \rightarrow better (2001)$ 

DEXTRE  $\rightarrow$  a 2 armed dexterous robot (2008)

## →Robots in Space - Mariner and Viking series in 1960's & 1970's explored Mars



- since then, robotic probes searching all planets in our solar system
- expensive and sometimes probes are lost or malfunction.

Rover series lands on & explores Mars

